Summer 2 Year 3 Judaism Knowledge Organiser How are Christianity (Church of England) and Judaism similar and different?

	Subject specific Vocabulary	Images/Diagrams/Maps	Important Knowledge
Judaism	A religion where people believe in one God and follow the teachings of the Torah.		Jews believe in one God, just like Christians.
Synagogue	A Jewish place of worship where people pray, learn, and celebrate together.		The Torah is a very special holy book that teaches Jewish people how to
Torah	The most important Jewish holy book that teaches rules and stories about God's people.		live a good life.
Rabbi	A Jewish leader and teacher who helps people understand the Torah.		Jewish people pray in a synagogue, which is their special place of worship.
Shabbat	A special day of rest every week (Friday evening to Saturday evening) when families pray and share meals.		Shabbat is a weekly day of rest when families spend time together, pray, and enjoy a special meal.
Ark	A beautiful cupboard in the synagogue where the Torah scrolls are kept safely.	Writing/Provision/	Jewish festivals like Passover and
Bimah	A raised platform where the Torah is read to the community.	Enrichment opportunities	Hanukkah help people remember important stories about God helping His people.
Menorah	A special candleholder with many branches, often used during the festival of Hanukkah.	Visit a Jewish synagogue. Key Questions: What do Christians and Jews share?	тие реерге:
Passover	A festival that remembers when God		
(Pesach)	saved the Jewish people from being slaves in Egypt.	How do Jewish and Christian festivals help people remember important stories?	
Star of David	A symbol of Judaism made of two triangles, showing that God is always protecting His people.	Why is the Torah treated with such respect?	

Presentation		Assessment	
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	□ Name the synagogue and Torah.□ Identify one similarity (e.g., both have special books).	 Compare a festival from each faith. Describe similarities in beliefs (one God, important rules). Describe key differences in worship and practice. 	 Explain why rules or festivals matter spiritually. Use accurate vocabulary (Ark, bimah, Torah scrolls). Draw deeper theological links (e.g., Abrahamic traditions).