

Reception Domestic Role Play

Progression Across the Year

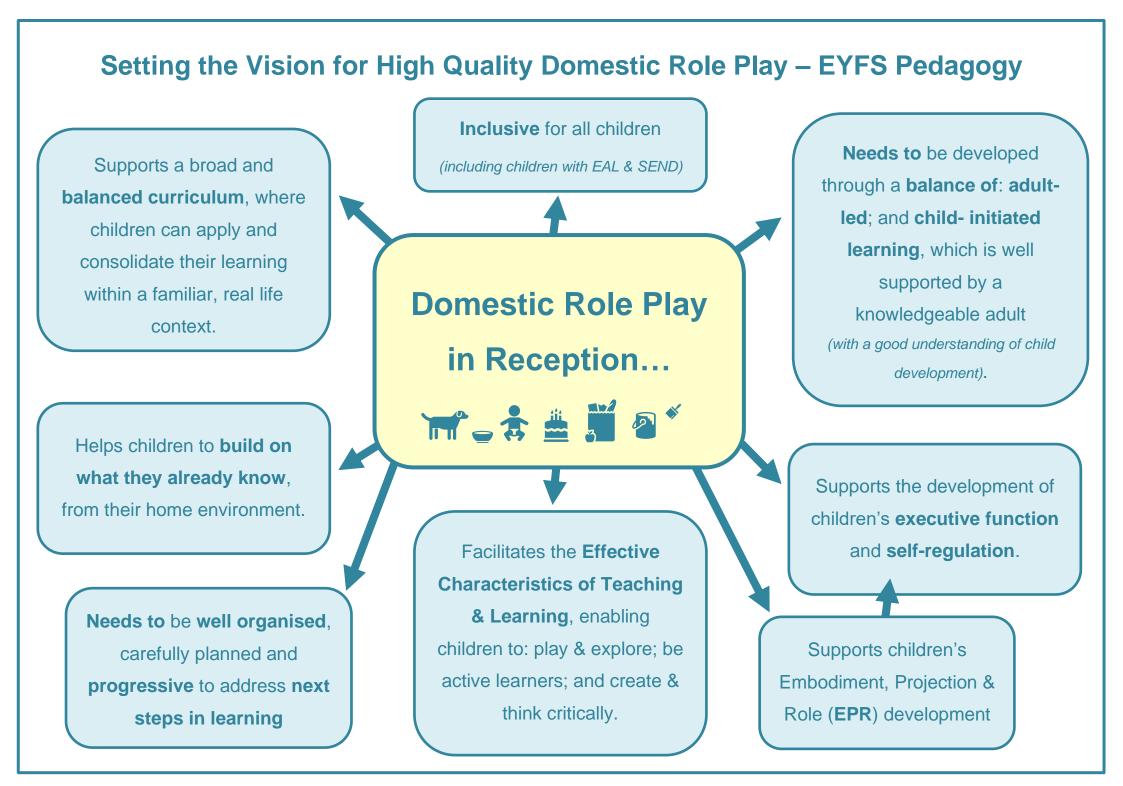
Quality provision providing purposeful learning across the Prime Areas of Learning, Literacy and Mathematics.



www.ey2p.org

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KEY LEARNING OPPORTUNITIES / OUTCOMES: Early Years Foundation Stage

Educational Programme Links: <u>Communication & Language</u> - Spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations children have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. <u>Personal, Social & Emotional Development</u> - Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives, and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. <u>Expressive Arts & Design -</u> The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

| A UNIQUE CHILD Constantly learning, can be | Learning Outcomes what we want | CHARACTERISTICS OF EFFECTIVE TEACHING & | |
|---|---|---|---|
| resilient, capable, confident & | Three & Four Year Olds | Reception | LEARNING |
| Self-assured POSITIVE RELATIONSHIPS Children learn to be strong & independent through positive relationships ENABLING | Prime Areas of Learning: □ Understand a question or instruction that has two parts □ Understand 'why' questions □ Use a wider vocabulary □ Use longer sentences – 4 / 6 words □ Start a conversation with a friend / adult □ Talk with others to solve conflicts □ Play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating ideas □ Use a comfortable pencil grip | Prime Areas of Learning: □ Listen carefully to others and engage in conversations with back-and-forth exchanges □ Learn and use new vocabulary in a range of contexts □ Ask / answer a range of questions □ Articulate ideas, thoughts and feelings using full sentences with a range of connectives and correct use of tenses □ Develop narrative of pretend play □ Show an understanding of own feelings and those of others □ Think about the perspectives of others □ Set and work towards simple goals □ Follow instructions involving several ideas / actions □ Show independence, resilience and perseverance □ Play cooperatively and take turns with others □ Build constructive and respectful relationships □ Develop small motors skills □ Hold a pencil effectively for fluent writing | Playing & Exploring For children to: ✓ Plan and think ahead about how they will explore or play with objects ✓ Respond to new experiences ✓ Do things independently that they have previously been taught Active Learning |
| ENVIRONMENTS With teaching & support from adults, who respond to individual interests & needs & help to build learning over time LEARNING & DEVELOPMENT Children learn and develop at different rates – inclusive for all | Specific Areas of Learning: □ Understand the five concepts of print □ Use some print and letter knowledge in writing □ Write some or all of name □ Write some letters accurately □ Solve real mathematical problems with numbers up to 5 □ Understand position through words alone □ Begin to make sense of own life story and family history □ Show interest in different occupations □ Take part in simple pretend play | Specific Areas of Learning: □ Read simple sentences consistent with phonic knowledge, including some common exception words □ Re-read books to develop confidence, fluency and understanding □ Write correctly formed letters □ Write simple sentences, using phonic knowledge, that can be read by others □ Have a deep understanding of numbers to 10 – compare quantities / explore patterns □ Use comparative language of measure, capacity, distance and time □ Use mathematical knowledge to problem-solve □ Make sense of own life story, family history and local community □ Begin to develop an understanding of life in this country and others □ Draw information from simple maps □ Understand some important processes and changes, including the seasons □ Sing and respond to a range of music □ Make use of props and materials when role playing □ Develop storylines in pretend play – recount, invent and adapt | For children to: ✓ Begin to predict sequences ✓ Show goal-directed behaviour ✓ Begin to correct mistakes Creating & Thinking Critically For children to: ✓ Use pretend play to think beyond the 'here and now' ✓ Begin to solve real problems ✓ Make links between ideas ✓ Increase control attention |

ROLE OF THE PRACTITIONER

ORGANISATION / PERMANENT RESOURCES

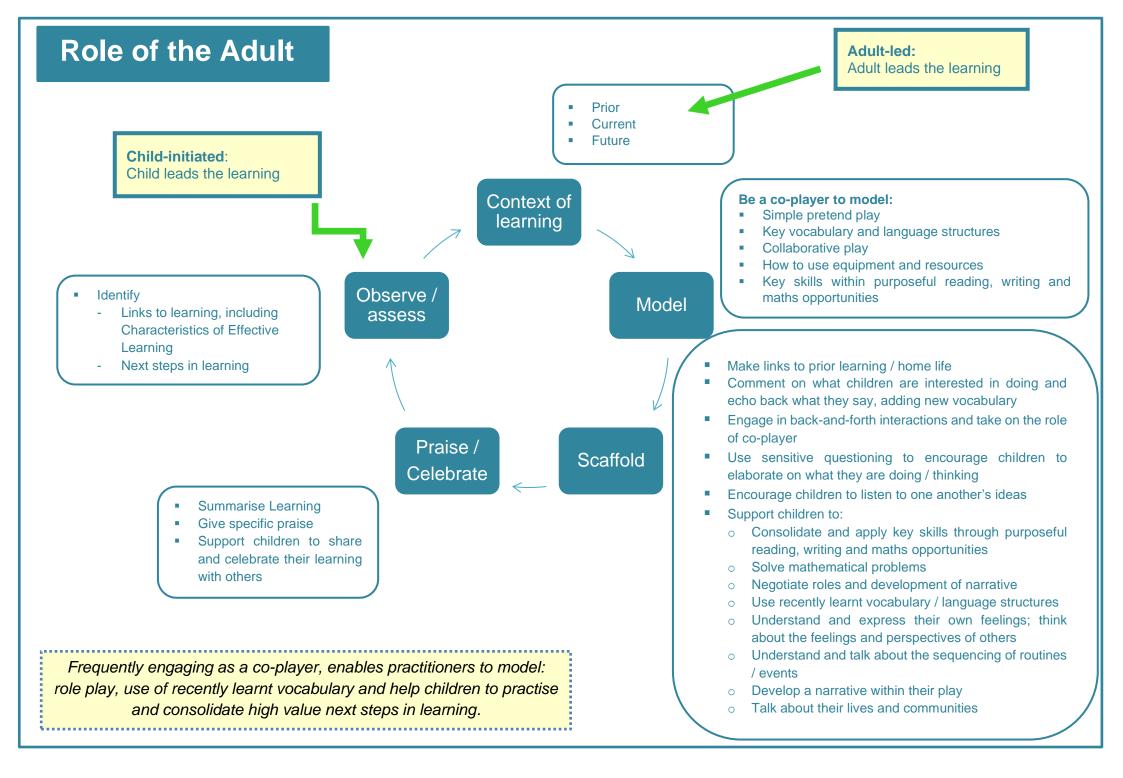
□ Defined Domestic Role Play Area appropriate in size to promote collaborative pretend play □ Kitchen units, height appropriate – sink, cooker, cupboard, washing machine, fridge □ Table and chairs to sit 4 □ Shelving unit for dressing up baskets - hats / bags / pieces of material □ Chair / sofa □ Four pots and pans □ Kettle and toaster □ Crockery set for 4 - plate, bowl, cup □ Cutlery set for 4 – knife, fork and spoon □ Pot of cooking utensils □ Tea, coffee and sugar caddies □ Range of food / packets □ Soft furnishings – tablecloth, plant, framed art work □ Cleaning equipment and product bottles □ Basket of familiar books □ Ironing board and iron □ Clothes maiden / line □ Telephone with pencil / pen pot and message pad □ Shopping list □ Jobs list □ Clock

PRACTITIONER COMMUNICATION AND INTERACTIONS:

■ Support children to access, explore and use provision purposefully ■ Comment on what children are interested in or doing, and echo back what they say with new vocabulary added. Engage in back-and-forth interactions (CL Educational Programme). Encourage children to speak in full sentences; developing vocabulary linked to resources, actions and feelings ■ Develop strong, warm and supportive relationships with children to support them to: □ manage emotions □ develop a positive sense of self □ set selves simple goals □ have confidence in own abilities □ understand their own feelings and those of others (PSE Educational Programme) ■ Be a co-payer, supporting children to engage in pretend play, imitating what they know, develop narrative (recount / invent / adapt) and be a part of collaborative play ■ Model / scaffold and support children to engage in purposeful reading and writing, linked to phonics and literacy teaching and learning, with a focus on audience, purpose and form ■ Support children to solve real mathematical problems, applying high value learning objectives ■ Support children to make links between □ their own family and others □ own country and others

ASSESSMENT: LOOK, LISTEN AND NOTE

Practitioners to: Observe children's learning to inform planning / next steps in learning:
 Interests / fascinations
 Relationships with others
 Characteristics of Effective Teaching and Learning
 Learning and Development, seven areas of learning ...holistic links
 Possible schema(s)



Progressive Themes Across the Year

| | Autumn | Spring | Summer |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Overarching Theme: | Me and My Family | Looking After Family | Growing / Journeys |
| First half-term: | New Baby | Fix It Time | New Puppy |
| | | | |
| Second half-term: | Celebrations | Healthy Living | Holiday Time |
| | | | |

AUTUMN TERM - Learning Outcomes

| Prime Areas of Learning Communication & Language | Personal, Social & Emotional Developm | aont | Physical Dovald | nmont |
|--|---|--|-----------------|---|
| Children learn to: Understand how to listen carefully to others and why it is important Listen to and enjoy a variety of stories / poems / rhymes / non-fiction texts Follow a two-part instruction Learn and use new vocabulary linked to home life / domestic role play Develop conversation with others; continue for many turns; including some social phrases Understand simple questions – who, what, where, why, how, when Answer questions with relevant comments and begin to ask questions to find out more Begin to articulate ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences with correct use of tenses; and begin to, use talk to solve problems and organise thinking Use longer sentences of 4 – 6 words, connecting one idea or action to another using a range of connectives e.g. and, or, because Begin to re-enact and retell narratives, using some recently learned vocabulary and language structures | Children learn to: Begin to see self as a valuable individual Begin to build constructive and respectful relationships Begin to express a range of feelings and understand how of Begin to think about the perspectives of others Begin to identify and moderate own feelings socially and er Begin to resolve conflicts with others by negotiating and co Begin to set own goals and show resilience and persever challenge Engage in sustained learning Develop confidence to try new activities and show independent of resources Know and begin to talk about the different factors that suppreveloping in the part of the activity of | Children learn to: Begin to develop overall body-strength, i ordination and agility Begin to use core muscle strength to ach posture when sitting at a table or on the floor Begin to confidently and safely use a range small resources Develop the skills of independence – undressing self; babies (dolls) Continue to develop fine motor skills to us equipment / tools – domestic role play including cutlery / cooking utensils Develop effective pencil grip and begin to de letter formation | | overall body-strength, balance, co ty muscle strength to achieve a goo g at a table or on the floor y and safely use a range of large an s of independence – dressing bies (dolls) p fine motor skills to use a range of - domestic role play resources ooking utensils |
| Literacy including Phase 1 Phonics | Mathematics | Understandin | g the World | Expressive Arts & Design |
| Children learn to: Understand concepts about print □ direction of print (L – R / top-bottom/ left pg before right) □ name parts of the book (front / back / page) □ know difference between word / letter □ follow text using 1:1 correspondence Begin to be aware that sentences start with a capital letter and end with a full stop Continue to develop phonological awareness, with a strong focus on rhythm & rhyme; alliteration; oral blending and segmenting Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them – in line with phonics programme Blend sounds into words to read short words made up of known letter– sound correspondences, applying phonics to read VC and simple CVC words Begin to read a few common exception words – in line with phonics programme Begin to read simple phases / sentences, applying phonic knowledge Begin to re-read books to build up confidence in word reading, fluency & understanding Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing Write own name correctly, using correct letter formation Begin to spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s, VC and simple CVC words - in line with phonics programme Begin to spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s, VC and simple CVC words - in line with phonics programme Begin to write labels / caption / simple sentences Begin to re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense Begin to form some lower-case letters correctly | Children learn to: Sort and match objects with confidence and talk about observations e.g. size / shape / colour / purpose Compare quantities using language e.g. more than / fewer than Recite numbers to 10 forwards and begin backwards Count objects, actions and sounds up to 5, using 1-1 correspondence Begin to subitise 3 / 4 objects Link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal number value to 5 Begin to understand 'one more/less than' to 5 Explore composition of numbers to 5 through addition, subtraction and part-part whole model Continue to problem-solve up to 5 Talk about some shapes in the environment – including 2D and 3D Continue, copy and create repeating patterns Begin to compare length, weight and capacity using appropriate vocabulary Use the vocabulary of time – before, after, then, first, later, next, days of the week, begin to learn some months of the year | | | Design Children learn to: Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details Take part in simple pretend play Begin to develop storylines in pretend domestic play Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories Begin to listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses Sing in a group or on their own Begin to explore and engage in music making and dance |
| Make independent choices Plan and think ahead about how they will explore or play with objects Kno | rticipate in routines ow routines and begin to predict sequences ✓ Sort materials | inking Critically play to think beyond the s e real problems | 'here and now' | |

- Share own interests and experiences ✓
- Guide their own thinking and actions by talking to themselves whilst playing
- ~ Respond to new experiences that are brought to their attention
- \checkmark Do things independently that they have previously been taught
- ~ Keep on trying when things are difficult \checkmark Begin to correct mistakes themselves
- Begin to solve real problems
- ~ Know more, so feel confident about coming up with own ideas. Make more links between ideas.
- \checkmark Concentrate on achieving something that is important / increasing able to control attention and ignore distractions

| Autumn: Me and My Family / Celebrations | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | New Baby | Birthdays and Festivals | | | | | |
| Enhanced Provision Feeding: babies / dolls - varied ethnicity and gender bottles bowl and spoon baby food packaging bib with velcro cloths highchair cot blankets lullaby toy teddy <u>Washing and dressing</u> : soap cloths / sponge baby bath towel nappies changing mat range of clothes - cardy with buttons, baby grow with poppers, <u>Sleeping / bedtime</u> : cot blankets lullaby toy teddy <u>Baby Clinic</u> Nappy bag Doctors bag / outfit weighing scales Visual time table for baby routines / day height chart / tape measure <u>Reading & writing opportunities</u> Baby books New baby cards Baby equipment / clothes catalogues Jobs list Daily routine Baby recipe Calendar with baby clinic appointment Baby clinic check list <u>Linked text</u> : Peepo - Alan & Janet Ahlberg; Big Sister Learns All About Babies 1 -Polly Zielonka; Who- A Celebration of Babies - Rob Harris; The Every Baby Book - Fran Preston Gannon <u>Linked rhyme / song / poem</u> : 5 (or 10) Babies in the Bed; Baby in a High Chair - Jack Prelutsky | | | purse / money i food / packaging – reflecting celebration is shopping bags <u>Decorating:</u> decorations – linked to celebration e.g. Diva lamp / menorah <u>Party:</u> is themed plates / cups linked to festival is games is photographs of festival celebrations is Linked cultural music is Celebration clothing e.g. hats / kippah <u>Reading & writing opportunities:</u> calendar / diary is jobs lists is invitation list is writing / sending invitations is catalogues is shopping lists is games list – image and titles of games is Greeting / thank you cards <u>Linked text:</u> Birthday's Around the World – Mary Meinking; You Must Bring a Hat – Simon Philip and Kate Hindley; Hinduism – Info Buzz; Judaism – Info | | | | |
| burp / [,] lighter Linke | Linked vocabulary = correct names of objects / body parts = actions - past / present / future = settle = burp / wind = emotions - happy / sad / hungry / thirsty / tired = baby clinic = weigh - heavy / heavier / light / lighter = measure - long / longer / short / shorter = change = dirty / clean / wipe / wet / dry = full / empty Linked questions = What does the baby want to eat? = Where is the? = Who is coming to visit the baby? = How do we? = Why is the baby? = When will the baby? | | Linked vocabulary = correct names of objects = actions – past / present / future = celebrat – birthday / festival <i>e.g. harvest, Diwali, Hannukah, Christmas</i> = candle / diva lamp / menoral decorate = prepare = invite Linked questions = When is the party? = What time is the party going to start? = What do we need to buy for the party? = Who are we going to invite of the part = How do set the table? = Where are the presents? = Why are we celebrating? | | | | |
| ACROSS ACROSS THE TERM | Role of the Adult – being a co-player, modelling and scaffolding key skills What are we learning? Prime Areas of Learning: Use resources purposefully Share resources Engage in collaborative play Negotiate roles Answer questions with relevant comments Imitate real life to develop narrative Join in with linked rhymes / songs using actions Use fine motor skills to dress / undress Specific Areas of Learning: Consolidate book handling skills Engage in purposeful reading & writing opportunities writing name & CVC words Match, sort and count objects to 5 Use language one more / less Talk about own life story Begin to develop an understanding of chronology Develop story lines with friends Develop story lines with friends | | | | | | |
| | vities to Support Learning Talk about how to look after the baby, using prior knowledge and jobs list Set the table for supper with the high chair Hold and feed the baby with the bottle Change the baby's nappy Bath the baby and dress in baby grow Get baby ready for bed and read a bedtime story Make baby food using the recipe - make own recipes Write a new baby card Make a name label for the baby's cot Use baby catalogue to write a shopping list Write own job list Make a baby book Sort and tidy away baby clothes Weigh the baby Compare babies' weights and lengths Sequence a visual time table for the baby's day Draw a family portrait and label to go by the baby's cot | AUTUMN 2 | □ Talk about celebrations – using prior knowledge, linked books and photos □ Listen to linked cultural music and dance □ Decorate the home – linked to chosen festival □ Wrap a present and label with tag □ Get dressed for the party □ Make an invitation list □ Read / write - invitations □ Use catalogues to make a shopping list □ Read / design & write cards □ Write name cards for the guests □ Write a wish list for presents □ Write a message to Santa □ Set the table – how many guests □ Use advent calendar to count down the number of sleeps □ Talk about shapes of parcels; and patterns on wrapping paper □ Talk about and read books about the special places people go to during the festival/s □ Sing - Happy to you – in different languages | | | | |

SPRING TERM - Learning Outcomes

Prime Areas of Learning **Communication & Language** PSE (Personal, Social & Emotional Development) Physical Development Children learn to: Children learn to: Children learn to: • Listen to and enjoy a variety of stories / poems / rhymes / non-fiction texts See self as a valuable individual Develop overall body-strength, balance, co-ordination and agility Listen carefully and follow an instruction with two or more parts Build constructive and respectful relationships Refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: - jumping - running - hopping - skipping (linked to Continue to learn and use new vocabulary linked to home life / domestic role play Express a range of feelings and understand how others might be feeling theme of keeping healthy and exercise) Hold conversation with others, including back-and-forth exchanges Think about the perspectives of others Use core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting • . Understand and begin to use simple questions - who, what, where, why, how, Identify and moderate own feelings socially and emotionally at a table or on the floor when Resolve conflicts with others by negotiating and compromising Confidently and safely use a range of large and small resources . Answer guestions with relevant comments and begin to use full sentences Set own goals and show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge . Develop fine motor skills to use a range of equipment / tools -. Begin to ask guestions to find out more and to check they understand what has Engage in sustained learning domestic role play resources, including toy home improvement been said to them tools / cooking utensils Try new activities and show independence when using a range of resources Articulate ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences with correct use of . . Begin to develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is Know and talk about the different factors that support overall health and tenses; and begin to use talk to solve problems and organise thinking fast, accurate and efficient, consolidating effective pencil grip and wellbeing: healthy eating toothbrushing regular physical activity having Use a range of longer sentences of 4 - 6 words, connecting one idea or action letter formation good sleep routines to another using a range of connectives e.g. and, or, because Begin to explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave Begin to describe events in some detail accordingly Re-enact and retell narratives, using some recently learned vocabulary and language structures **Specific Areas of Learning** Understanding the World **Mathematics** Expressive Arts & Design Literacy ... including Phase 1 Phonics Children learn to: Children learn to: Children learn to: Children learn to: Recite numbers to 20: Backward from 10 and Know that sentences start with a capital letter and end with a full stop Make sense of and talk about own life • Draw with increasing complexity and detail, begin to recite backwards from 15 Break story and family history such as representing a face with a circle and Continue to develop phonological awareness, with a strong focus on rhythm & counting chain (not always starting from 1 including details . Comment on images of familiar rhyme; alliteration; oral blending and segmenting forwards or 10 backwards) situations in the past Take part in simple pretend play Read individual letters and digraphs, by saying the sounds for them - in line with • . Count objects, actions and sounds up to 10 • • phonics programme Talk about members of their immediate Begin to invent, adapt and recount narratives family and community e.g. plumber, with peers and teacher . Begin to subitise 5 objects . Blend sounds into words to read short words made up of known letter- sound electrician. decorator correspondences, applying phonics to read CVC words, including those with . • Make use of props and materials when role Begin to recall number bonds to 5 Name and describe people who are learnt digraphs playing characters in narratives and stories Link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal familiar to them Read a few common exception words - in line with phonics programme . Begin to listen attentively, move to and talk . number value to 10 Describe what they see, hear and feel about music, expressing their feelings and . . Re-read books, in line with phonic knowledge, to build up their confidence Begin to understand 'one more/less than' to 10 responses in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment Understand the effect of changing Explore composition of numbers to 10 through seasons on the natural world around • Sing in a range of well-known nursery rhymes addition, subtraction and part-part whole model . Read simple phrases / sentences applying phonic knowledge them and songs Form most lower-case and capital letter correctly . Continue to problem-solve up to 10 Begin to use simple plans e.g. house / . Explore and engage in music making and Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with . Begin to select, rotate and manipulate shapes room and local maps dance letter/s, using taught GPCs - CVC words in order to develop spatial reasoning skills Write captions/phrases and begin to write simple sentences using known Continue, copy and create repeating patterns GPCs ... sentence, full stop, capital letter Include word spacing Orally Begin to compare length, weight and capacity using rehearse caption or sentence before writing appropriate vocabulary Re-read what they have written to make sure it makes sense Use the vocabulary of time - before, after, then, * See CL for comprehension skills first, later, next, days of the week and learn some months of the year **Characteristics of Effective Teaching & Learning** Play & Exploring Active Learning **Creating & Thinking Critically** Participate in routines ✓ Use pretend play to think beyond the 'here and now' Make independent choices Know routines and begin to predict sequences ~ Sort materials Plan and think ahead about how they will explore or play with objects ✓ Show goal-directed behaviour 1 Begin to solve real problems 1 Share own interests and experiences Keep on trying when things are difficult ~ Know more, so feel confident about coming up with own ideas. Make more links

- Guide their own thinking and actions by talking to themselves whilst playing
- \checkmark Respond to new experiences that are brought to their attention
- ✓ Do things independently that they have previously been taught

Begin to correct mistakes themselves

between ideas
 Concentrate on achieving something that is important / increasingly able to control attention and ignore distractions

| Spring: Looking After the Family | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| | Fix It Time | Healthy Living | | | |
| Gen mea phoi <u>Built</u> Brus <u>Rea</u> with shee post | hanced Provision eral equipment: Positive gender images Tool belt / box Torch Gloves / goggles Tape usure Calculator Dustpan and brush / hoover Rucksack / packed lunch box & flask Mobile ne Plumber: Mini plunger Bucket Pipes / tubing Electrician: Toy screw driver / drill der: Trowel spreader Large blocks Spade Boot covers Builders hat Decorator: shes / rollers Paint tray Wall paper Paint tins Paint swatches Joiner: Wood Spirit level ding & writing opportunities: Pencil & paper / notebook - Fix the Lanyards & pictures – name / occupation / <i>I can fix</i> Contact numbers for Fix It people Diary for jobs Invoice et Parts catalogue Job description – e.g. <i>I can</i> Local map with labels Message pad / t-it Linked text: Builder Boy – Ross Montgomery and David Litchfield; Bob the Builder Books; Mummy is a Plumber – Kerrine & Jason Bryan: It's Time toFix It! – Carly Gledhill Linked Rhyme ng / Poem: Bob the Builder Song; Cobbler, Cobbler | Enhanced Provision Healthy Eating : Healthy food (boxes / tins / cartons) representing a variety of cultures and countries Fruit & veg : Water bottles :: Shopping bags / baskets :: Range of purses :: Money :: Mobile phone Coats :: Hats :: Keys :: Food seeds, soil, pots & mini watering can Keeping Fit:: Exercise mat :: Store watch / timer :: Yoga cards :: Sweat band :: Exercise music :: Exercise clothes / outfits :: Towel Reading & writing opportunities:: :: Recipe books :: Food catalogues :: Daily meal / exercise planner :: Menu boar for the week :: Shopping list proforma :: Recipe sequence cards :: Plant instructions & labels :: Exercise diary :: Exercise instructions :: Tally chart :: Gym membership card :: Labelled body / skeleton :: Exercise iog - e.g. I did 5 hops : Linked text:: Eating the Alphabet Lois Elhert; What do you like? - Anna Owen; I will not ever eat its | | | |
| Linked vocabulary = correct names of occupations / objects = action words – past / present / future = tools = job = fix = occupation = measure = emergency = broken repair = time = invoice / payment = part = order = lunch / break = immediately = problem Linked questions = What needs fixing? = Who can fix it? = How can they fix it ? Where is the emergency / problem? = When can you come? = Why did it break? = How did it break? | | Linked vocabulary = correct names of objects / food / exercises = action words – past / present future = healthy / unhealthy = cook = fresh = vitamin = planner = fast / faster, slow /slower = fit = physic | | | |
| Ro | le of the Adult – being a co-player, modelling and scaffolding key skills | | | | |
| What are we learning? Prime Areas of Learning: Use resources and talk about their purpose Take on a wider range of roles Have a conversation in role, including asking / answering questions Engage in collaborative play within a bigger group Listen to visitor/s or video and ask questions to find out more information Imitate real life to develop narrative Join in with linked rhymes / songs – using actions Use fine motor skills to use a range of new tools /equipment Join in with movements in role Specific Areas of Learning: Engage in purposeful reading & writing opportunities – writing lists, captions & short sentences Counting and problem solving to 10 Use language – one more / less Use comparative language I Use language of time Talk about different occupations Begin to develop a narrative – with beginning / middle / end or problem / solution | | | | | |
| SPRING 1 | Talk about things that need fixing and use prior knowledge and books to make suggestions for a solution Dress / undress for different occupations Work together as a team to fix the house Negotiate / compromise roles and events Phone to get help; explain the problem Read lanyards to decide role Write list of jobs / tools Leave a message for the Write invoice Use calculator Measure / weigh Use vocabulary to; compare lengths of tools and materials; compare / measure time Use blocks and other shapes to build <i>e.g.</i> Wall Use map to give directions Design and make patterned wall paper | Talk about what we need to do to keep healthy using prior knowledge and books Unpack and some shopping Try a range of exercises Talk about how the exercises make them feel Lead at exercise class Pack gym bag Read and follow healthy recipes Write meals and exercises plannee Write recipes (ingredients and instructions) Write shopping list for healthy food – including numbers needed or cost Take a register for an exercise class Sort fruit and veg / healthy & unhealthy Count actions Match actions to numerals Tally exercise on a chart Uses timers Do exercises to music Invent and record own exercise routine Plant food seeds – read / write instructions for planting and care for plant & label plant pot | | | |

SUMMER TERM - Learning Outcomes

| Мар | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|---|---|
| Communication & Language | | Personal, Social & Emotional Development | | Physical Development | |
| Communication & Language Children learn to: Listen to and enjoy a variety of stories / poems / rhymes / non-fiction texts Listen carefully and follow an instruction with two or more parts Continue to learn and use new vocabulary linked to home life / domestic role play Hold conversations with others, including back-and-forth exchanges Understand and use simple questions – who, what, where, why, how, when Answer questions with relevant comments and use full sentences Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them Articulate ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences with correct use of tenses; use talk to solve problems, organise thinking and activities; explain how things work and why they might happen Use a range of longer sentences of 4 – 6 words, connecting one idea or action to another using a range of connectives e.g. and, or, because Describe events in some detail Re-enact and retell narratives, using some recently learned vocabulary and language structures | | Personal, Social & Emotional Development Children learn to: See self as a valuable individual with different interests and experiences Build constructive and respectful relationships; work and play cooperatively and take turns with others Express a range of feelings and understand how others might be feeling Think about the perspectives of others and show sensitivity to others' needs Identify and moderate own feelings socially and emotionally; being able to wait for what they want and control immediate impulses when appropriate Resolve conflicts with others by negotiating and compromising Set own goals and show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge Engage in sustained learning and give focused attention to the ideas of others; show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas / actions Know and talk about the different factors that support overall health and wellbeing: healthy eating □ toothbrushing □ having good sleep routines | | Children learn to: Continue to develop overall body-strength, balance, co-ordination and agility Use core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or on the floor Confidently and safely use a range of large and small resources Develop fine motor skills to use a range of equipment / tools – domestic role play resources, including toy home improvement tools / cooking utensils Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient, consolidating effective pencil grip and letter formation Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing | |
| Specific Areas of Learning | | 1 | | L | |
| Literacy including Phase 1 Phonics | Mathematics | | Understanding the W | orld | Expressive Arts & Design |
| Children learn to: Continue to develop phonological awareness, with a strong focus on rhythm & rhyme; alliteration; oral blending and segmenting Read taught graphemes, by saying the sounds for them – in line with phonics programme Blend sounds into words to read words made up of known letter- sound correspondences, applying phonics to read CVC words, including those with learnt digraphs and trigraphs Read aloud simple sentences in books that are consistent with phonic knowledge, including some common exception words Re-read familiar books with confidence to build fluency, understanding and enjoyment Write recognisable letters most of which are correctly formed Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter / letters Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others - □ Orally rehearse caption or sentence before writing □ Include word spacing □ Include capital letter and full stop Re-read what they have written to make sure it makes sense | always starting from 1 forw Compare quantities up to quantity is greater than, let Count objects, actions and Subitise 5 objects Automatically recall number Link the number symbol (confidence Understand 'one more/les Explore and represent pat odds, double facts and ho Problem-solve up to 10 Select, rotate and mai reasoning skills Continue, copy and create Compare length, weight, or | b 10 in different contexts; recognising when one ss than or the same as the other quantity d sounds: □ Up to 10, in a range of contexts b b 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | family history Comment on images of familiar past Talk about members of their imm community e.g. <i>plumber, electric</i> Name and describe people wh them Draw information from a simple n Recognise and talk about s between life in this country and o Begin to identify some different co / globe Recognise and talk about how so are different to the one in which t Describe what they see, hear and Understand the effect of changin natural world around them | situations in the nediate family and <i>ian, decorator</i> to are familiar to map some similarities other countries ountries on a map one environments they live d feel ng seasons on the | Children learn to: Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details Take part in simple pretend play Begin to invent, adapt and recount narratives with peers and teacher Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories Begin to listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs Explore and engage in music making and dance Move in time to music |
| Characteristics of Effective Learning Play & Exploring Make independent choices Plan and think ahead about how they will explore or play with of Share own interests and experiences Guide their own thinking and actions by talking to themselves with the respond to new experiences that are brought to their attention Do things independently that they have previously been taught | bbjects whilst playing | Learning cipate in routines y routines and begin to predict sequences y goal-directed behaviour on trying when things are difficult to correct mistakes themselves | Begin to solve real problems Know more, so feel confident about c ideas | coming up with own | |

Summer: Growing / Journeys

| New Puppy | Holiday Time | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Enhanced Provision | Enhanced Provision | | | | |
| <u>New puppies</u> : \Box One soft toy puppy \Box Basket / bed / blanket \Box Food and water bowls \Box Food / 10 dog | Choosing where to go Map Globe Packing & preparing: Suitcase Scale Hats / sunglasses | | | | |
| biscuits \square Bones \square Dog chews / toys / balls \square Lead, collar \square Towels \square Hot water bottle \square Talking tin | Empty bottle of sunscreen Money / purse Toiletry bag Mobile phone Clothes Travel games | | | | |
| with dog sounds \square Classic FM calming dog music \square Dog shampoo \square Dog Bath \square Jug \square Brush / tooth | Snack Water bottles First aid kit Map of local area Travel pillow Bucket / spade / swimming | | | | |
| $brush \underline{Going \ to \ the \ vets}: \square \ Dog \ box \ \square \ Vet \ kit \ \underline{Reading \ \& \ writing \ opportunities}: \square \ New \ puppy \ card \ \square \ How$ | costume Kite Music from different countries Reading & writing opportunities: Travel brochure / fac | | | | |
| to look after a puppy book \square Vet record card \square Visual time table of daily routine \square Map for the local dog | card 🛛 Holiday reviews 🗅 Postcards 🗠 Booking form 🗠 Packing list 🗠 House and pet sitter instructions | | | | |
| walk \square Pets catalogue \square Pet shop list – using numbers \square Training instructions \square Pet sitter instructions | Passport | | | | |
| Emergency numbers – including vets, dog walker | Address label for suitcase Linked text: Emma Jane's Aeroplane – Katie Haworth; A range of | | | | |
| Linked text: Smelly Louie - Catherine Rayner; The Detective Dog - Julia Donaldson; Welcome | simple non-fiction texts about countries e.g. Info Buzz series such as, 'Info Buzz India'; Look What | | | | |
| home puppy – Rachel Cook; 100 dogs – Michael Whaite Linked Rhyme: How much is that doggy | Found at the Seaside - Moira Butterfield (National Trust): Martha Maps it Out - Leigh Hodgkinson | | | | |
| in the window? Ten Little Doggies | Linked Rhyme: Adaptations of The Wheels on the Bus e.g The wings on the aeroplane | | | | |
| Linked vocabulary correct names of objects cation words - past / present / future dog / | Linked vocabulary correct names of objects cation words - past / present / future holiday | | | | |
| puppy = vet = veterinary nurse = appointment = injection = treatment = medication = breed e.g. | travel journey sunscreen country city / town / village countryside / beach / coast / mountains | | | | |
| springer, spaniel, poodle, dalmatian = rescue = train = command = trick = reward / treat Linked | lakes / river / land / ocean near / far airport station taxi museum art gallery money / walle | | | | |
| questions What does the dog look like? Where should we walk the dog? Who will look after | / credit card Linked questions Where should we go? How should we travel? What should we | | | | |
| the dog? How many biscuits are in the bowl? Why do we need to train the dog? When should | pack? ■ What time do we leave? ■ Who will go on holiday? ■ How can we travel? ■ Why do we need | | | | |
| we feed it? | to go on a boat / aeroplane? What will we do there? | | | | |
| Role of the Adult – being a co-play | er, modelling and scaffolding key skills | | | | |
| What are we learning? Prime Areas of Learning: Bengage collaboratively in a more complex narrative Hold conversations with others including back-forth-interactions Give instructions Give instructinstructions Give instructinstructinstructions G | | | | | |

Ask questions to find out more Describe events in some detail Consolidate correct letter formation Specific Areas of Learning: Engage in purposeful reading & writing opportunities – writing lists / captions / short sentences; reading back own writing to check it makes sense Counting and problem solving to 10 Describe and problem

Activities to Support Learning

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SUMMER

| □ Talk about how to look after the puppy using prior knowledge and books □ Name the puppy | |
|--|------|
| □ Take care of the puppy – feed / bath / take to vets / take for a walk / put to bed / train □ Read | |
| and write puppy instruction cards e.g. sit, wait, beg, stand, stay, sleep New puppy card or | 2 |
| dog birthday card \square Write shopping list for pet shop \square Write instructions for dog walker / pet | ER |
| sitter \square Read / write fact card for puppy \square Fill in vet card \square Draw and label dog walk map \square | JMME |
| Composition of number using different coloured dog biscuits e.g. today the dog can have 7 | SI |
| <i>biscuits</i> Dog play date – share and double toys and biscuits D Weigh biscuits to check the | |
| same amount Talk about life cycle of animals & predict how the puppy will change | |

□ Talk about places the children have been on holiday to, or places they would like to go. □ Pack the suitcase □ Listen to and dance to music from destination country □ Read / write packing list □ Write a list of places we would like to go – using maps; brochures and fact cards □ Write instructions for the house / pet sitter □ Read / write a postcard □ Make a passport □ Talk about what will be the same / different about the places they are going – including weather, food, places to visit, music, language □ Look at maps to decide how they should travel and how far away it is e.g. near / far □ Talk about and pack clothes suitable for the weather □ Make aeroplane / bus / boat / train – with seat number (including odd and even numbers on tickets)