# Long Term Plan for Religious Education for Primary Schools in Chester Diocese

Summer Term 1c Christian Concept: Creation Theme: Stewardship

Year Group	Enquiry Questions	Essential Knowledge		
FS	What does the creation story teach Christians about God?	Old Testament	God the Creator Genesis Chapters 1 to 2:3	
Y1	How did Adam & Eve spoil creation in Genesis?	Old Testament	The fall of Adam & the effect of their sin Genesis Chapters 2:3 to 3:24	
Y2	Why do Christians look after their local environment?	Christian Practice	Ways Christians look after their local area	
	Why do Christians say thank you at harvest time?	Old Testament Christian Practice	Celebrating the goodness of God in creation at harvest time Genesis 1:24-25; 8:22 Harvest festivals	
Y3	How do Christians look after the wider world and why?	Christian Practice	Charities: Fair Trade as an organised way of looking after the world Work of World Vision	
Y4	Why do you think the creation stories are similar and different?	Old Testament	Creation stories: Genesis 1:1- 2:4a; 2:4b-25	
Y5	Why do Christians want to share the world's resources?	Christian Practice Christian Belief	Sustainable Christian eco communities: Monks at Mucknell Abbey Work of Compassion UK Psalm 8: importance of creation	
Y6	Does Science disprove Genesis?	Christian Belief	Differing views about the origin of the world	

EYFS UNIT Sum	nmer 1c: Creation	Concepts underpinning	ng study: creation; God	Medium Term Plan FS
KEY QUESTION	Learning Objectives	Learning Outcomes	Activities	Key Vocabulary
What does the	The children will	By the end of this unit:	Lesson 1	natural
creation story teach Christians about God?	learn:	Emerging	Go outside to find things that are natural and things that are man-made. Set up a table display full of natural objects eg shells, leaves and man-made objects. Play a song video about	man made creation
	About the Christian creation story.	(Some children)	creation eg Louis Armstrong 'What a wonderful world' or	God
		I can recall that in Genesis	'All things bright and beautiful'	good world
	About what the	God made the world.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bkTLIO2zan	caring
	creation story		http://www.videodetective.com/music/all-things-bright-and-	
	teaches about God	Expected	beautiful/71740	
	eg One God created the world.	(All children) I can say why I think God thought the world was	Ask: What is natural? What is man made? How are they different? How are they the same? Which do you like? Why?	
	Humans have care of	good in the story.	Make a model or pictures of something that is natural. What is	Resources
	the world.	I can understand that Christians believe that humans should take care	good about it? Show them to a friend and ask them to say one thing that is good about it. Discuss how the pieces of work might be treated to keep them in good condition.	Good News Bible or suitable creation
		of the world.	Lesson 2	story eg Beginners Bible.
		Exceeding	Tell the creation story Genesis 1:1-2:3 in an interactive way eg puppets, visual aids. See also <a href="http://www.bbc.co.uk/education/clips/ztmpvcw">http://www.bbc.co.uk/education/clips/ztmpvcw</a>	'In the Beginning' by Steve Turner and Jill Newton, pub. by Lion
		(Few children)	Explore and retell the story using musical instruments giving	ISBN 0-7459-4431-0
		I can describe how the	each group a day of creation to create music or sounds for. See	
		creation story teaches	Diocesan resource; 'Where to start with a bible story; Old	
		about one God, rather	Testament' Pg. 8-9 for an example of this activity. Sing a song	stories about caring for

than many, made the world.  I can suggest several ways humans might take care of the world.	about creation to reinforce the story here are 3 examples to choose from: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aoehyq6X650">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sv9zP8zTPnM</a>	the world. Eg eg Wonderful Earth' by Nick Butterworth or 'What a Wonderful World' Pat Alexander.
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tuexWiyAAUQ  Ask: What does the story teach about God?  Draw out and explain Christians believe from this story that one God made the world.	art materials plants/natural objects
	Lesson 3  Talk about how humans care for the world but also destroy it.  Give examples eg litter, destroying trees. Use a useful story to reinforce the idea of caring for the world eg Wonderful Earth' by Nick Butterworth or 'What a Wonderful World' Pat Alexander. See also <a href="http://www.bbc.co.uk/education/clips/zp6sb9q">http://www.bbc.co.uk/education/clips/zp6sb9q</a>	school garden to look after or plant
	Look after part of the school garden or a plant and talk about how humans can care for the world we live in.  Draw a picture about caring for the world and another about destroying the world. Ask: How do you think God wants humans to look after the world? Discuss.	
	Assessment  Give groups a set of pictures of the natural world from the creation story. Ask them to complete the question: Who do	

	Christians believe made the world? Write answers on the pictures and make a class display. Make up some simple class rules to help about looking after the world.	
		Creation pictures

KEY STAGE 1 UNIT	Summer 1c: Creation	Concepts under	pinning study: creation; God; sin Medium T	erm Plan Year 1
KEY QUESTION(S)	Learning Objectives	Learning Outcomes	Activities	Key Vocabulary
How did Adam &	The children will	By the end of this unit:	Lesson 1-2	creation
Eve spoil creation in Genesis?	That Christians believe God created the world good and Adam and Eve	Emerging (Some children) I recall that in Genesis, God made the world.	Think about how we feel when we make a beautiful picture or model. Discuss how we might feel when it is thrown away or destroyed. Recap on work completed about creation in the Yr. 1 Autumn term unit on 'God' by showing previously used PowerPoint of images of natural beauty. For example, look at pictures of beautiful sunsets. Include some images of the local	sin Adam Eve God
	explains how it became bad.	I can suggest what part Adam and Eve played in the story in spoiling it.	area. Discuss how we feel when we see beautiful images in God's creation. Recap briefly or in more depth if needed, the story of creation visited in FS from Genesis 1:1-2:3. Emphasise Genesis 1:24-25 'And God saw all that had been made and it was good'. The following clips may assist to recap the story:	Resources Lion Storyteller Bible
	That Christians believe when people do bad things it is called 'sin'	Expected (All children) I can say why I think God thought the world was good and how Adam and Eve were asked to keep it that way in the story.	http://www.bbc.co.uk/education/clips/z62hyrd http://www.bbc.co.uk/education/clips/zhxn34j  Show some images of pollution eg factory chimneys and littered streets. Compare and contrast these images with earlier ones. Discuss how we feel when we see images of God's creation spoilt and ruined by pollution/litter.	Good News Bible PPT from Yr.1 God BBC clips PowerPoints of: beautiful creation
		I can explain how Adam and Eve's sin spoilt the world in the story.  Exceeding	Explain that you are going to tell the class the next part of the story and look at what happened after God had made the world that was good. Tell the next part of the story interactively using puppets. Genesis Ch.2:3 to 3:24. Focus on 'leaving God's beautiful garden; doing something bad if they eat from the tree, going against what God had told them to do and spoiling the good	images spoilt creation images eg polluted areas

You may want to bring an apple/piece of fruit as a visual aid, (the	Conversation
Bible doesn't actually say it was an apple).	prompts on card
In groups of 4, using different characters (Adam, Eve, Snake, God),	
role play conversations between:	
1. God and Adam/Eve	
2. Eve and the snake	
3. Eve and Adam	
<ol><li>God and Adam /Eve after disobeying.</li></ol>	
Give the children conversation prompts to assist them:	
eg Snake: "Did God really say not to eat from that tree?"	
Eve: "God said if we eat it we will have to leave this beautiful	
place." Snake: "You will not have to leave if you eat this."	
Emphasise and remind the children about the choices people made	
that day. Eve looked at the fruit and says, "This looks like good	
fruit, why would God not want me to have it." She then takes a	
bite and shares it with Adam. Ask: What do you think this story	
means for Christians? Take as many ideas as possible.	
Teacher's Background Notes:	
http://request.org.uk/life/beliefs/christianity-basically-sin/	free bible images of
	the 'Fall' story or
	other suitable
Lesson 3	images.
Think about and discuss consequences of bad behaviour in school	
and at home. Recall the story of the 'fall' and the choices made by	
Adam and Eve. eg order pictures in the story in the right order or	
write in speech bubbles what the characters said at each point of	

the story:

http://www.freebibleimages.org/illustrations/adam-eve-fall/

Discuss what were the consequences of disobeying God that day?

(ie God was sad; they had to leave the garden; they knew they were naked; they were ashamed of what they had done; they spoilt God's good world; life was hard after that).

Explain Christians call the bad things Adam and Eve did that day 'sin against God'. Draw contrasting pictures about Adam & Eve's life before and after the fall to show the changes that happened to them. Ask: How did Adam and Eve spoil the good things God had made? Think, Pair, Share.

Refer back and show pictures from lesson 1 of how creation is spoilt today. Explain to the children that Christians believe the choice made by Adam and Eve to disobey God that day are an example to show why bad things happen from then on. God told them that from then on they would have to work hard all their lives to look after the earth and make the earth/ground produce enough food and the effect of their 'sin' would always be in the world because people would always make bad choices.

#### Lesson 4

#### Assessment

Provide a set of images from the whole creation story and also a set of images of spoilt creation/consequences of bad actions today. Ask children to design a contrasting collage about creation

set of images of:

'good' creation and

using three parts entitled:	'bad' creation,
<ol> <li>'good things made by God'.</li> <li>'things Adam/Eve did that spoilt creation'.</li> <li>'effect of Adam and Eve's sin in the story.</li> </ol>	consequences of sin today.

KEY STAGE 1 UNIT Summer 1c: Creation Concepts: creation; God; stewardship Medium Term Plan Year 2				
KEY QUESTION(S)	Learning Objectives	Learning Outcomes	Activities	Key Vocabulary
Why do Christians	The children will	By the end of this unit:	Lesson 1	creation
look after their local environment?	learn:	Empuring	Show PowerPoint of images of natural beauty and some images of the local area with music playing. Ask the	stewardship
Why do Christians	Why it is important for Christians to look	Emerging (Some children)	children to look at the images and think about the beauty of God's creation. Look at fruits and vegetables. Cut then	harvest thankful
say thank you at harvest time?	after their local environment.	I can give a reason why Christians look after their	open. How are they different?	environment
		local environment.	Sing 'He's got the Whole World in his Hands'.	
	That Christians believe God created	I can explain how Christians say thank you at Harvest time.	Show PowerPoint of damaged areas e.g. pollution, deforestation etc.	Resources
	the world and gave humans stewardship over it.	Expected (All children)	Ask the children why they think it is important to look after the world.	Good News Bible PowerPoint of
		I can suggest at least 2	Show the children a present wrapped in paper with a	images
	How Christians are	reasons why Christians look after their local environment.	label saying 'From God, Handle with Care.' Open the present to reveal the world eg a globe, ball made to look	ball wrapped in paper
	God provides at	I can suggest reasons why Christians say thank you at Harvest time.	like Earth. Explain that the world is a present to people from God but that Christians are asked to look after it. Explain that this is called 'stewardship'.	'The Elephant an the Bad Baby' story by Elfrida
		Exceeding	Recap on the story of creation visited in FS and read quotes from Genesis 1:24-25 and 8:22.	Vipont
		(Few children)		
		I can explain how members of		harvest pictures

	Lesson 2	
	Invite a Christian member of the community in and ask	
	them questions about how they care for their local	
	environment and why. Discuss why do they think it is	
	important to care about where they live. Write three	
	things Christians might do to care for their local	
	environment and write why Christians look after their	
	environment.	
	Lesson 3	
	Ask the children when do they need to say thank you and	
	why? Discuss how people might say thank you to God.	
	Read the story of 'The Elephant and the Bad Baby' who	'The Elephant and
	never said please or thank you and discuss how	the Bad Baby'
	important it is to say thank you to others. What are you	story by Elfrida
	thankful for? Make a thank you card for a friend. Discuss	Vipont
	what would happen if we stopped saying thank you to	
	others.	card art materials
	Lesson 4	card art materials
	Discuss or show pictures of your own school's Harvest	
	Festival. Talk about and collect pictures of harvest from	
	around the world. What is harvest? Why do we	
	celebrate?	
	Discuss how a Harvest Festival reminds Christians of all	
	the good things God gives them and how he deserves	
	thanks and praise. It also makes Christians want to share	
	with others who are not as fortunate as themselves.	
	Explain how Christians want to thank God because he has	

Assessment	digital
Make up a series of mime actions that show Christians	photographs
saying thank you at Harvest time. Freeze frame. Take	
digital photographs, print and write underneath why	
Christians say thank you.	

KEY STAGE 2 UNIT	Summer 1c: Creati	on Concepts: creation	on; God; stewardship Med	lium Term Plan Year 3
KEY QUESTION	Learning Objectives	Learning Outcomes	Activities	Key Vocabulary
How do Christians	The children will	By the end of this unit:	Lesson 1-2	creation
look after the wider world and	learn:	Emerging	Think about sharing. Give groups of children a selection	resources
why?	That Christians	(Some children)	of sweets. Give children a different number of sweets.  Ask them to share them out. How do they decide who	justice
	believe God created	I can give a reason why	has what? Discuss who gets left out and why. Ask: Do you	injustice
	the world and gave humans stewardship	Christians think they should look after the wider world.	think God wants people to share the worlds resources equally today? Think, Pair, Share. Ask: How do we try to	poverty
	over it.	I can explain how Fair Trade	share the world's resources today?	wealth
		or World Vision might help Christians to look after the	Give groups of children a selection of foods that come from different countries eg bananas, tea, coffee, rice,	
	How Christians use fair trade as an	world.  Expected	chocolate, orange juice. Can they suggest how the food got into the shops? (Geography link)	
	looking after the world  About the work of	(All children) I can suggest at least 3 ways	Show the Fairtrade symbol and ask if they have seen this before in shops. Watch the video of Foncho and the	Resources
		Christians look after the wider world.	banana farmers. Ask the children as they watch,	foods from all over the world
		I can suggest 4 reasons why Fair Trade and World Vision	to write down what they think is really important and why. <a href="http://schools.fairtrade.org.uk/resource/make-bananas-fair-a-film-for-schools/">http://schools.fairtrade.org.uk/resource/make-bananas-fair-a-film-for-schools/</a>	some Fairtrade foods
	Vision.	do the work they do.	Think, Pair, Share. Collate the children's ideas after the	YouTube clips and films
		Exceeding	film. Give groups of 3-4 a copy of Foncho's case study to	
		(Few children)	read. <a href="http://schools.fairtrade.org.uk/resource/case-study-for-primary-schools-foncho/">http://schools.fairtrade.org.uk/resource/case-study-for-primary-schools-foncho/</a>	lesson resources from Fairtrade website eg
		I can explain how Christians look after the wider world	Compare their ideas to what Foncho says is important.	Foncho's case study

Play the Fairtrade premium game found on this page and decide how to spend the money farmers get. Think back to earlier question. Ask: Do you think God wants people to share the worlds resources equally today? Why? Why might Christians get involved? Lesson 2-3 visitors from a church involved in Fairtrade Invite members of a local church that run a Fairtrade fortnight. fortnight to come into school. Ask them why they do it and if they feel it makes a difference. Add ideas to the class working wall. Have a Fairtrade stall in school and Bible verses on card raise money for Fairtrade. Look at what the Bible has to say about giving: "Love God... and love your neighbour as yourself" Matthew 22:37-38 "They would sell their property and possessions, and distribute the **money** among all, according to what each one needed." Acts 2:45 "When you give to the poor, it is like lending to the LORD, and the LORD will pay you back". Proverbs 19:17. "For I was hungry and you gave me something to eat. I was thirsty and you gave me something to drink' Matthew 25:35 Give groups of children the verses above and ask them to

discuss what they think they mean. Use a Round Robin technique and add to each other's ideas. Ask the children to match up the work of Fair Trade to the verses and explain how they match up by writing their ideas on card around the verses. Plan a fair Trade activity in school eg collect Fair Trade food stuffs from local supermarkets and display. Write letters to local shops who don't stock Fairtrade products convincing them to.

### Lesson 4-5 The Work of World Vision.

Give the children a set of cards with the following on:

- 1. Jesus asks Christians to love their neighbours, care for children and challenge injustice.
- 2. It is important to meet the needs of the poor.
- 3. Every person is created equal in the image of God.
- 4. Every person is entitled to freedom, justice, peace and opportunity.
- 5. All the resources we have, money or time should be used wisely.
- 6. We should respond to people's 'need' whenever and wherever we can.
- 7. Everyone needs to work together to care for all people on the earth.
- 8. God wants all people to be loved unconditionally. Ask groups to read the cards. (These can be differentiated according to ability). Explain any words they don't understand. Then ask them to rank the statements in order of what they think is most important.

Watch the video that introduces the overall work of

cards with Christian ideas on

World Vision (3 mins):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nCVWcQnDX8I&no html5=False

Then watch the video of Violet who was helped by World Vision to have clean water (3 mins).

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hlu3pC2-gV8&nohtml5=False

Role play the conversation between Violet and her sponsor.

Read together the core values of World Vison. Explain anything the class don't understand. Underline key ideas and reasons for their work. Display in class.

http://www.worldvision.org.uk/who-we-are/core-values

Revisit the cards from earlier and discuss if they think World Vison would change the order of importance. Why?

Watch the Story Shop (2 mins) which is one way World Vision encourage support for children.

http://www.worldvision.org.uk/get-involved/story-shop/

Discuss what the shoppers thought of it.

Watch Amanda's story of sponsoring children through World Vision (3 mins), (scroll halfway down the page to find it). Can the class create a similar 'experience' for parents about World Vision?

selection of short video clips that show the work of World Vision

http://www.worldvision.org.uk/child-

	sponsorship/?gclid=CJG8t5KkicwCFQoTGwodTGgGFw  In pairs design A3 posters that show the key ideas for the work of World Vision as a Christian way of looking after the world. Include how and why on the posters.	
	Assessment  Write a letter from a Christian's point of view to persuade someone to support the work of either Fair Trade or World Vison.  You may need sentence starters eg  It is crucial/imperative that you support the work ofbecause  My intention is to persuade you that  I think the work of is important because  meets the needs of by	video clips
		poster art materials

KEY STAGE 2 UNIT	Summer 1c: Creation	Concepts: creation	; God Mediu	m Term Plan Year 4
KEY QUESTION(S)	Learning Objectives	Learning Outcomes	Activities	Key Vocabulary
Why do you think the creation stories are similar and	The children will learn:	By the end of this unit:	Lesson 1 Ask; What do we mean when we use the word 'create'	Genesis origins
are similar and different?	The Christian creation stories.  There are different perspectives on the story.	Emerging (Some children) I can talk about the Christian creation stories. I can talk about things in the Bible that make people ask questions.	Ask; What do we mean when we use the word create or 'creation'? Discuss. (Link Year 1 God).  Ask: What do Christians say about the beginning of the world? What is the Christian creation story?  Can you remember the story from the Bible?  Display the above questions. Think Pair Share.  Ask the pairs to retell the Christian Bible story about creation to each other as far as they can remember. Repeat with each member of the pair.  Ask: Did you tell each other the same story exactly?	origins beginnings  Resources video of creation Good News Bible
	similarities and differences between the stories.	Expected (All children) I can describe what Christians might learn from the two creation stories in Genesis.	Explain the Christian story of creation comes from the book in the Bible called Genesis? Ask: What do you think Genesis' means? Draw out the word means 'beginnings or origins'.	
	About other creation stories from faith and cultures.	I can suggest some good questions people ask about creation and compare my answers with others.	Revisit the story from Genesis 1:1;-2:4a; 2:4b-25. Get the pupils to guess what was made on each day before telling them.  Day 1 Light (day) Darkness (night);  Day 2: waters and the heavens; Day 3:dry land and vegetation;	
		Exceeding	Day 4: sun and moon; Day 5:sea creatures and birds; Day 6: animals and human beings.	

# (Few children)

I can identify the similarities and differences in the two Genesis creation stories. I can suggest a number of reasons for the differences in the stories and the puzzling questions they raise. Watch a visual version of creation. Eg BBC version.

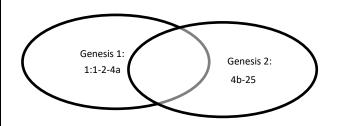
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mVUBg7 w4

### Lesson 2-3

Explore the Genesis stories. Give groups of 4 children a photocopy of the two creation accounts from Genesis 1:1-2:4a; Genesis 2:4b-25. Read together as a class.

Ask the children to read again silently as individuals or in groups of 4 read out loud alternate verses to each other. Ask: Do these accounts say anything to people about God? What do they say about where everything started or began? What do these accounts tell us about human beings? How did human life begin?

Ask groups to use two coloured highlighters to mark any similarities and differences between the texts. Create two over lapping Venn diagrams for the two accounts labelled as below:



Ask the groups to fill in the diagrams with detail that is

Venn diagrams

Genesis accounts of creation on separate pages

markers or highlighter pens of different colours distinct to both accounts and with detail that both accounts have in common in the overlapping centre.

Feedback. Ask: How are the two accounts the same? How are they different? What questions would you ask the author?

Use P4C: Children in groups pose questions about the two accounts: eg Why are there 2 different versions of the creation story in Genesis? Are there any more versions?

Children choose 4 questions by voting for their favourite one/most important one. The vote is then narrowed to one question and discussed using P4C style debate. Ideas are summarised and linked at end of debate by asking the class to decide why there are two accounts in Genesis? Possible answers:

- a) written by two different authors;
- b) written in different time periods;
- c) same author but different audience;
- d) written as complementary accounts.

Ask: What do you think is most important to Christians about the creation story in Genesis? Discuss.

(Possible answer: God made the world including humankind and gave people responsibility for it). Ask: Does it matter that there are two different stories?

Lesson 4 (if time permits)

	ques	wers to key stion on large es of card.
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KEY STAGE 2 UNIT	Summer 1c: Creati	on Concepts un	derpinning study: creation; God Mediu	m Term Plan Year 5
KEY QUESTION	Learning Objectives	Learning Outcomes	Activities	Key Vocabulary
Why do	The children will	By the end of this unit:	Lesson 1: Monks at Mucknell Abbey	creation
Christians want to share the world's	learn:	Emerging	Ask: How does sharing things affect us? Others? Discuss.  Briefly recap the creation story studied in previous units drawing	resources eco friendly
resources?	Christians understand that the	(Some children)	out that God wants Christians to look after the world's resources.  Ask: Why does God want people to look after the worlds resources? Think, Pair, Share. Ask: How do we try to look after	global warming
	God made the world and as a result they	I can describe how and why Christians want to	the world's resources today?	sustainable
	need to steward the	share world resources.	Mind map terms and ideas that we use today to help us look	solar energy
	resources well.		after and share the world's resources eg recycling; eco-friendly; green; eco community; global warming. Use Kagan strategies	eco community
		Expected	Think, Pair, Share. and Round Robin to collect ideas. Define using	justice
	About two different	(All children)	thesauri and make a display of the ideas.	stewardship
	approaches taken to share the world's resources ie	I can talk about some of the different ideas Christians have about	Ask: How do charities or others help share world's resources?  Make a list.	poverty
	Mucknell Abbey and	sharing world resources	Introduce the idea of an 'eco community' that seeks to save and	wealth
	Compassion UK. and give examples.	harvest energy and save the world's resources. Ask the class if they can think of any examples eg Marks and Spencers save and recycle water.		
	Some of the biblical passages that	I can suggest why Christians may want to	Show the class a photograph of Mucknell Abbey where monks	Resources
	encourage Christians to share the resources of the world they live in.	share world resources and give a biblical context.	live in a sustainable eco-community. Read together the vision that motivates the monks. Underline key ideas. Find out why they live this way. <a href="http://www.mucknellabbey.org.uk/soul-food/sustainability/vision.html">http://www.mucknellabbey.org.uk/soul-food/sustainability/vision.html</a>	factsheets from Mucknell Abbey and Compassion UK
			Ask groups of 3-4 to summarise the key ideas into 6-8 sentences that explain the reason the monks feel they should live this way.	suitable video

### Exceeding

### (Few children)

I can identify some of the puzzling questions raised by the practical and biblical ideas studied and suggest answers.

I can begin to compare and contrast different ways Christians want to share resources and suggest my own ideas. (NB Beforehand summarise the 10 factsheets into child friendly language that the monks have produced which explain why and how they share and save resources).

http://www.mucknellabbey.org.uk/soul-food/sustainability/

http://www.mucknellabbey.org.uk/soulfood/sustainability/factsheets.html

Ask the class to use the factsheets to design large group pictures showing some how and why the monks live this way. Talk about how the school could share resources better.

### Lesson 2: Compassion UK: Another way to share resources

Discuss who helps the children in the UK to be born safely, eat properly, have medical attention and shelter. Introduce the charity Compassion. Show the 'Big Picture Compassion UK' video showing what the charity do to help children survive. As they watch ask the class to note down all the things the charity do. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7q4-ZBUEq4g

Give the class fact sheets about who they are, where they work and what they do see <a href="https://www.compassionuk.org/about-us/">https://www.compassionuk.org/about-us/</a> Show selected photographs and blogs such as:

https://www.compassionuk.org/blogs/7-reasons-to-smile/

Print off selected pictures from the website and ask the children to make group collages of pictures and words that describe what they do and how and why they do it eg showing the love of Jesus.

extracts

Compassion sponsor from

the local church to interview

art materials

Interview a compassion sponsor from a local church finding our why they support the charity Compassion and what difference they feel it makes. Add ideas to collages. Lesson 3 Ask: How do you think we should treat the world we live in and why? Briefly recall the creation story and emphasise Christians believe God made the world and humans are to take care of it. Recap all work so far. Give groups of 4 a copy of Psalm 8 asking them to read and highlight 1) What God has done 2) What is man's response. Feedback. In groups create movements for the psalm. Next ask the groups to read the psalm again and mark with an asterisk what beliefs are contained in the psalm? eg every person is created by God, God put man in charge of the world. Ask: What is puzzling about his poem? What questions does it raise? eg How should people rule over the world? Share questions and answers. Recall examples of how Monks at Mucknell Abbey and Compassion UK seek to share the world's resources and reflect parts of this Psalm in their work. Watch the environment video on this page: http://request.org.uk/issues/morality-and-ethics/reflections/ Ask the children to watch the video and list the ideas the Psalm 8 Christians suggest to help people to steward the world's O LORD, our Lord, your

resources.	greatness is seen in all
	the world!
Use the facts from <a href="http://request.org.uk/issues/global-">http://request.org.uk/issues/global-</a>	Your praise reaches up
issues/poverty-and-wealth/ for a P4C style debate: How should	to the heavens;
people look after/rule the world?	<sup>2</sup> it is sung by children
	and babies.
	You are safe and secure
Assessment	from all your enemies;
Assessment	
Design a factsheet for a school/church on how that community	you stop anyone who
can share their resources better and include why they should.	opposes you.
,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<sup>3</sup> When I look at the
	sky, which you have
	made, at the moon and
	the stars, which you set
	in their places—
	⁴what are human
	beings, that you think
	of them; mere mortals,
	that you care for them?
	<sup>5</sup> Yet you made them
	inferior only to
	yourself; you crowned
	them with glory and
	honour.
	<sup>6</sup> You appointed them
	rulers over everything
	you made; you placed
	them over all creation:
	<sup>7</sup> sheep and cattle, and
	the wild animals too;
	<sup>8</sup> the birds and the fish
	and the creatures in

		the seas.
		<sup>9</sup> O LORD, our Lord, your greatness is seen in all the world

KEY STAGE 2 UNI	T Summer 1c: Creation	on Concepts: cr	reation; God; evolution N	1edium Term Plan Year 6
KEY QUESTION	Learning Objectives	Learning Outcomes	Activities	Key Vocabulary
Does science	The children will	By the end of this unit:	NB Ensure this question is explored after Y6 has completed	creation
disprove Genesis?	learn:		science lessons on evolution so they have more knowledge and understanding about evolution.	evolution
		Emerging		big bang theory
	Christians understand that the	(Some children)	Lesson 1 How did the world begin?	origin
	God made the world.	I can describe some of the main features of	Ask: How did the world begin? Start a working wall using this	Resources
		ideas related to the creation of the world.	question. Display a range of images from creation on the interactive whiteboard. Play a suitable piece of music	Background Information: adapted from BBC GCSE
	That there are		eg 'Planets' by Holst. Ask the class sit quietly and close their	Bitesize
	theories of evolution related to the origin	Expected	eyes to reflect on and to imagine the beginnings of the universe. Play the music and show slides again. Ask: How did	Christians interpret the Biblical accounts of
	of the world.	(All children)	the universe begin? Was a creator involved? Share ideas.	creation in various ways.
con diffe lang Gen	To compare and contrast the different poetic language in the	the origins of the world.  ic  I can explain why  Christians may have	Recap on using metaphors. Ask the class if they can think of metaphors used in writing eg in poetry. Explain both religion and science try to express their abstract ideas using language to assist them in explaining things.	Most believe that God brought the universe into being from nothing; some believe that it was created from matter that already existed.
	Genesis accounts of creation.		Explore the meaning of some simple Biblical and scientific metaphors :	Some Christians take the biblical accounts of creation literally, believing
			'I am the bread of Life' (Jesus)	that they describe <i>exactly</i>
	Some of the beliefs about the beginning	Exceeding	'Light is a wave' (science)	how the universe and human beings were
	of the world in Christianity.	LACCEUMY	'I am the life giving water' (Jesus)	created.

## (Few children)

I can identify some of the questions raised by the ideas and suggest answers.

I can begin to compare and contrast different theories related to the beginning of the world. 'Molecules are water droplets, small dots and can float in the air'. (science)

'I am the way the truth and the life'.(John 14:6)

'The Lord is my shepherd' (Psalm 23)

Can they write their own to explain how the world began? eg The world was an exploding dark mass. Write poems about the beginning of the world. Provide some phrases: 'In the beginning'; 'after this'; 'huge explosion; giant waves; 'an invisible force'; 'huge forces'; 'blackness was separated ...'

Read a few to the class and explain all views are valid as expressions of how the world may have begun

Other Christians regard these accounts as more like parables or symbolic accounts that tell (in story form) the profound truth that God brought the universe and all that is in it into being, and sustains his creation. These Christians might look to science to help them understand how God did this.

### Lesson 2 What do Christians and scientists believe?

Ask: What do Christians believe about the beginnings of the universe? Recall anything the class can remember about the Genesis accounts. Revisit briefly if required.

Share one Christian view of creation by playing a video of a suitable song: eg 'God of wonders' by Third day or 'Indescribable' by Chris Tomlin.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1CBNE25rtnE

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7-zJHgaoVa4

Share a simple version of the scientific 'big bang theory'.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DmUiCweDic4

Provide a set of cards with differing views about creation on

cards with different views about creation on them

large sheets of card with 3 headings on.

them: eg 1. 'The world like a giant complicated machine that just started and runs by itself'; 2. 'As more is discovered about the world the more I am sure God made the world;' imaginary incident from 3. 'A big bang started the world'; school playground 4. 'The world was created by God the Bible says so; 5. 'A big bang was started by God that started the world'; 6. 'We are all here by chance'. Ask groups of 3-4 children to decide whether scientists or Christians said the above quotations and to can sort them sentence starters into groups under three headings: 'science'; 'religion' or 'both'. Share ideas with another group and then class feedback. Ask the pairs next to grade the ideas: 'I agree'; I disagree'; I am not sure'. Next ask: What do you think about the beginning of the world? Did God make it or was it a big bang? Form a human opinion line/line graph using large cut copies of the statements above. Lay them out in class and ask the children to stand next to the one they most agree with. Look at where everyone is standing. Ask: Do you want to change your mind? Move if necessary then vote as a class on your most popular theory. Lesson 3/4 What do others believe? Survey adults in school and ask what they believe about the origin of the universe and why. Collect viewpoints. Invite the

local vicar in to share his own ideas. Interview other Christians and collate differing points of view.

(**NB** For many Christians there isn't a conflict between the religious ideas about creation expressed in Genesis and the findings of science). For a summary of the arguments see:

http://request.org.uk/?s=creation

Give the children the following quotations from a scientist who is also a Christian:

**Professor John Polkinghorne** a scientist and a priest in the Church of England says:

'Genesis is not there to give short, technical answers about how the universe began. It gives us the big answer that things exist because of God's will. One can perfectly well believe in the Big Bang, but believe in it as the will of God the creator.'

Ask: What do you think he means? Do you agree? Discuss the meanings of the above quotation in groups. Record ideas and share with each other. Use Round Robin technique to discuss ideas. Then ask the class to decide if they agree; disagree or they aren't sure.

Lesson 5

How do science and religion explain abstract ideas? Debate

Revisit written poetry from lesson 1 and use of metaphor in science and religion. Ask: Would you change your ideas based on what we have looked at in the last two lessons.

Ask the class to prepare for a debate based on the question: Does Science disprove Genesis? Split the class into different groups who believe the following:

Group 1: Scientists who believe God made the world but there was also a big bang involved.

Group 2: Scientists who believe science holds all the answers and there is no creator God behind it all.

Group 3: Christians who believe God made the world exactly as the accounts in Genesis literally say word for word.

Group 4: Christians who believe God made and sustains the world but Genesis is a literary text not to be taken literally.

Group 5: Atheists who believe God doesn't exist and scientific proofs tell people how the world began.

Group 6: Scientists who are also agnostics who aren't sure about God but believe scientific proofs show how the world began.

Hold a class debate with different groups in the class presenting and justifying differing arguments.

End with a class vote on the key question: Does Science disprove Genesis?

#### Assessment

Give each child a Venn diagram like the one below. Label the three areas: 'Science'; 'Genesis' and the third one overlapping area with the key question: Does Science disprove Genesis?

Ask the class to record the key points studied in each area of the Venn diagram and to decide on their own personal view.

